

**Medicine Ambulatory Reading Curriculum**

Medicine Ambulatory (13)	1	Anxiety	Overview of generalized anxiety disorder Social anxiety disorder
	2	Bronchitis	Exacerbation of chronic <b>bronchitis</b> Acute bronchitis
	3	Conjunctivitis	<b>Conjunctivitis</b> : Evaluation of the red eye
	4	Constipation	Treatment of chronic <b>constipation</b> Etiology and evaluation of chronic <b>constipation</b> Patient information: <b>Constipation</b> AGA guideline: <b>Constipation</b>
	5	Cough	Evaluation of chronic <b>cough</b> Treatment of chronic <b>cough</b>
	6	Cystitis	Overview of acute <b>cystitis</b>
	7	Diabetes	Definition and classification of <b>diabetes mellitus</b> Estimation of blood glucose control in <b>diabetes mellitus</b> Glycemic control and vascular complications in type 1 <b>diabetes mellitus</b> Glycemic control and vascular complications in type 2 <b>diabetes mellitus</b> Management of <b>diabetes mellitus</b> in the acute care setting Overview of intensive insulin therapy in <b>diabetes mellitus</b> Overview of therapy in type 2 <b>diabetes mellitus</b> Routine health maintenance in <b>diabetes mellitus</b> Screening for <b>diabetes mellitus</b>
	8	Diarrhea	Approach to the patient with acute <b>diarrhea</b> Approach to the patient with chronic <b>diarrhea</b> Epidemiology and causes of acute <b>diarrhea</b> AGA guideline: Evaluation and management of chronic <b>diarrhea</b>
	9	Dizziness	Approach to the patient with <b>dizziness</b>
	10	Edema	Approach to the adult with <b>edema</b> Pathophysiology and etiology of <b>edema</b> Treatment of refractory <b>edema</b> Patient information: <b>Edema</b>
	11	Headache	Evaluation of <b>headache</b> in adults

			Patient information: Causes and diagnosis of <b>headaches</b>
			Patient information: Managing <b>headaches</b>
	12	Hypertension	<b>Hypertension:</b> Who should be treated?
			Indications for use of specific <b>antihypertensive</b> drugs
			Overview of <b>hypertension</b>
			Initial therapy in essential <b>hypertension:</b> Recommendations
	13	Hyperlipidemia	<b>Lipid</b> lowering with HMG CoA reductase inhibitors (statins)
			<b>Lipids</b> HDL metabolism and approach to the patient with low HDL-cholesterol
			USPSTF Guidelines: Screening adults for <b>lipid</b> disorders: Recommendations and rationale